



Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28)

Issued October 2016 and incorporates amendments to 30 June 2024

This Standard was issued on 16 October 2014 by the New Zealand Accounting Standards Board of the External Reporting Board pursuant to section 12(a) of the Financial Reporting Act 2013.

This Standard is a disallowable instrument for the purposes of the Legislation Act 2012, and pursuant to section 27(1) of the Financial Reporting Act 2013 takes effect on 13 November 2014.

Reporting entities that are subject to this Standard are required to apply the Standard in accordance with the effective date set out in Part C.

In finalising this Standard, the New Zealand Accounting Standards Board has carried out appropriate consultation in accordance with section 22(1) of the Financial Reporting Act 2013.

This Standard has been issued to amend the relevant Tier 1 and Tier 2 for-profit Accounting Standards as a result of changes to an International Financial Reporting Standard.

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SALE OR CONTRIBUTION OF ASSETS BETWEEN AN INVESTOR AND ITS ASSOCIATE OR JOINT VENTURE
(AMENDMENTS TO NZ IFRS 10 AND NZ IAS 28)

CONTENTS	<i>from page</i>
Part A: Introduction	4
Part B: Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 <i>Consolidated Financial Statements</i>	5
Amendments to NZ IAS 28 <i>Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures</i>	7
Part C: Effective Date	10

Approval by the IASB of *Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28)* issued in September 2014 (available within New Zealand on the XRB website as additional material)

Amendments to the IASB Basis for Conclusions on IFRS 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements* (available within New Zealand on the XRB website as additional material)

Amendments to the IASB Basis for Conclusions on IAS 28 *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures* (available within New Zealand on the XRB website as additional material)

IASB Dissenting Opinions (available within New Zealand on the XRB website as additional material)

Part A

Introduction

This document sets out amendments to NZ IFRS 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements* and NZ IAS 28 *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures*. These amendments update and finalise proposals in IASB Exposure Draft ED/2012/6 *Sale and Contribution of Assets between an Investor and Its Associate or Joint Venture* (Proposed amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28) that was issued in December 2012.

The main consequence of the amendments is that a full gain or loss is recognised when a transaction involves a business (whether it is housed in a subsidiary or not). A partial gain or loss is recognised when a transactions involves assets that do not constitute a business, even if these assets are housed in a subsidiary.

Part B

Scope

This Standard applies to Tier 1 and Tier 2 for-profit entities.

Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements*

Paragraphs 25–26 are amended. Deleted text is struck through and new text is underlined.

Loss of control

- 25 If a parent loses control of a subsidiary, the parent:
- (a) derecognises the assets and liabilities of the former subsidiary from the consolidated statement of financial position.
 - (b) recognises any investment retained in the former subsidiary ~~at its fair value when control is lost~~ and subsequently accounts for it and for any amounts owed by or to the former subsidiary in accordance with relevant NZ IFRSs. That fair value retained interest is remeasured, as described in paragraphs B98(b)(iii) and B99A. The remeasured value at the date that control is lost shall be regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset in accordance with NZ IFRS 9 or the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or joint venture, if applicable.
 - (c) recognises the gain or loss associated with the loss of control attributable to the former controlling interest, as specified in paragraphs B98–B99A.
- 26 Paragraphs B97–~~B99A~~ set out guidance for the accounting for the loss of control of a subsidiary.

In Appendix B, paragraph B99A is added. New text is underlined.

Loss of control

- ...
- B99A If a parent loses control of a subsidiary that does not contain a business, as defined in NZ IFRS 3, as a result of a transaction involving an associate or a joint venture that is accounted for using the equity method, the parent determines the gain or loss in accordance with paragraphs B98–B99. The gain or loss resulting from the transaction (including the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income that would be reclassified to profit or loss in accordance with paragraph B99) is recognised in the parent’s profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investors’ interests in that associate or joint venture. The remaining part of the gain is eliminated against the carrying amount of the investment in that associate or joint venture. In addition, if the parent retains an investment in the former subsidiary and the former subsidiary is now an associate or a joint venture that is accounted for using the equity method, the parent recognises the part of the gain or loss resulting from the remeasurement at fair value of the investment retained in that former subsidiary in its profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investors’ interests in the new associate or joint venture. The remaining part of that gain is eliminated against the carrying amount of the investment retained in the former subsidiary. If the parent retains an investment in the former subsidiary that is now accounted for in accordance with NZ IFRS 9, the part of the gain or loss resulting from the remeasurement at fair value of the investment retained in the former subsidiary is recognised in full in the parent’s profit or loss.

Application examples

Example 17

A parent has a 100 per cent interest in a subsidiary that does not contain a business. The parent sells 70 per cent of its interest in the subsidiary to an associate in which it has a 20 per cent interest. As a consequence of this transaction the parent loses control of the subsidiary. The carrying amount of the net assets of the subsidiary is CU100 and the carrying amount of the interest sold is CU70 (CU70 = CU100 × 70%). The fair value of the consideration received is CU210, which is also the fair value of the interest sold. The investment retained in the former subsidiary is an associate accounted for using the equity method and its fair value is CU90. The gain determined in accordance with paragraphs B98–B99, before the elimination required by paragraph B99A, is CU200 (CU200 = CU210 + CU90 – CU100). This gain comprises two parts:

- (a) the gain (CU140) resulting from the sale of the 70 per cent interest in the subsidiary to the associate. This gain is the difference between the fair value of the consideration received (CU210) and the carrying amount of the interest sold (CU70). According to paragraph B99A, the parent recognises in its profit or loss the amount of the gain attributable to the unrelated investors' interests in the existing associate. This is 80 per cent of this gain, that is CU112 (CU112 = CU140 × 80%). The remaining 20 per cent of the gain (CU28 = CU140 × 20%) is eliminated against the carrying amount of the investment in the existing associate.
- (b) the gain (CU60) resulting from the remeasurement at fair value of the investment directly retained in the former subsidiary. This gain is the difference between the fair value of the investment retained in the former subsidiary (CU90) and 30 per cent of the carrying amount of the net assets of the subsidiary (CU30 = CU100 × 30%). According to paragraph B99A, the parent recognises in its profit or loss the amount of the gain attributable to the unrelated investors' interests in the new associate. This is 56 per cent (70% × 80%) of the gain, that is CU34 (CU34 = CU60 × 56%). The remaining 44 per cent of the gain CU26 (CU26 = CU60 × 44%) is eliminated against the carrying amount of the investment retained in the former subsidiary.

In Appendix C, paragraphs C1C, NZ C1D.2 and NZ C1D.3 are added. New text is underlined and deleted text is struck through.

Effective date

...

C1C *Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28)*, issued in October 2014, amended paragraphs 25–26 and added paragraph B99A. An entity shall apply those amendments prospectively to transactions occurring in annual periods beginning on or after ~~1 January 2016~~ ~~1 January 2020~~¹ ~~1 January 2025~~ 1 January 2028. Earlier application is permitted. If an entity applies those amendments earlier, it shall disclose that fact.

¹ Amended by *Effective Date of Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28*.

...

NZ C1D.2 *2019 Omnibus Amendments to NZ IFRS*, issued in September 2019, amended paragraph C1C. An entity shall apply that amendment for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020. Earlier application is permitted.

NZ C1D.3 *Mandatory Date of Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28 (2024)*, issued in May 2024 amended paragraph C1C. An entity shall apply that amendment for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025. The amending Standard takes effect on the 28th day after the date of its publication under the Legislation Act 2019. The amending Standard was published on 23 May 2024 and takes effect on 20 June 2024.

Appendix

This appendix creates a NZASB Basis for Conclusions on NZ IFRS 10.

In NZ IFRS 10, the Basis for Conclusions is added by *Effective Date of Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28* and amended by *2019 Omnibus Amendment to NZ IFRS* and *Mandatory Date of Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28 (2024)*. The amendments made by *2019 Omnibus Amendments to NZ IFRS* and *Mandatory Date of Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28 (2024)* are shown with new text underlined and deleted text struck through.

NZASB Basis for Conclusions on NZ IFRS 10

This Basis for Conclusions accompanies, but is not part of, NZ IFRS 10.

- BC1 The New Zealand Accounting Standards Board (NZASB) issued *Effective Date of Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28* ~~this amending standard~~ based on *Effective Date of Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28* as issued by the IASB in December 2015. The IASB's amending standard deferred indefinitely the effective date of *Sale or Contribution of Assets Between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture* (Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28) issued in October 2014. The IASB deferred the effective date of these amendments pending the completion of its equity accounting project.
- BC2 The Financial Reporting Act 2013 requires all accounting standards issued in New Zealand to have an effective date. The NZASB has therefore determined that the *Effective Date of Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28* should be effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020. The NZASB considered that this date would satisfy New Zealand's legislative requirements and provided an appropriate period for the IASB to complete its equity accounting project. If the IASB continues to defer the effective date of *Sale or Contribution of Assets Between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture* (Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28) beyond annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020, the NZASB will reassess the effective date of these amendments in New Zealand.
- BC3 In all other respects *Effective Date of Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28* is consistent with *Effective Date of Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28*.
- BC4 *2019 Omnibus Amendments to NZ IFRS* subsequently deferred the effective date of *Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture* (Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28) to annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025.
- BC5 *Mandatory Date of Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28 (2024)* subsequently deferred the mandatory date of *Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture* (Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28) to annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2028.

Amendments to NZ IAS 28 *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures*

Paragraphs 28 and 30 are amended and paragraphs 31A–31B and 45C, NZ 45K.1 and NZ 45K.2 are added. Deleted text is struck through and new text is underlined. Paragraphs 29 and 31 are reproduced for ease of reference, but are not amended.

Equity method procedures

- ...
- 28 Gains and losses resulting from 'upstream' and 'downstream' transactions involving assets that do not constitute a business, as defined in NZ IFRS 3, between an entity (including its consolidated subsidiaries) and its associate or joint venture are recognised in the entity's financial statements only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture. 'Upstream' transactions are, for example, sales of assets from an associate or a joint venture to the investor. The entity's share in the associate's or the joint venture's gains or losses resulting from these transactions is eliminated. 'Downstream' transactions are, for example, sales or contributions of assets from the investor to its associate or its joint venture. ~~The investor's share in the associate's or joint venture's gains or losses resulting from these transactions is eliminated.~~

- 29 When downstream transactions provide evidence of a reduction in the net realisable value of the assets to be sold or contributed, or of an impairment loss of those assets, those losses shall be recognised in full by the investor. When upstream transactions provide evidence of a reduction in the net realisable value of the assets to be purchased or of an impairment loss of those assets, the investor shall recognise its share in those losses.
- 30 The gain or loss resulting from the contribution of a non-monetary assets that do not constitute a business, as defined in NZ IFRS 3, to an associate or a joint venture in exchange for an equity interest in the that associate or joint venture shall be accounted for in accordance with paragraph 28, except when the contribution lacks commercial substance, as that term is described in NZ IAS 16 *Property, Plant and Equipment*. If such a contribution lacks commercial substance, the gain or loss is regarded as unrealised and is not recognised unless paragraph 31 also applies. Such unrealised gains and losses shall be eliminated against the investment accounted for using the equity method and shall not be presented as deferred gains or losses in the entity's consolidated statement of financial position or in the entity's statement of financial position in which investments are accounted for using the equity method.
- 31 If, in addition to receiving an equity interest in an associate or a joint venture, an entity receives monetary or non-monetary assets, the entity recognises in full in profit or loss the portion of the gain or loss on the non-monetary contribution relating to the monetary or non-monetary assets received.
- 31A The gain or loss resulting from a downstream transaction involving assets that constitute a business, as defined in NZ IFRS 3, between an entity (including its consolidated subsidiaries) and its associate or joint venture is recognised in full in the investor's financial statements.
- 31B An entity might sell or contribute assets in two or more arrangements (transactions). When determining whether assets that are sold or contributed constitute a business, as defined in NZ IFRS 3, an entity shall consider whether the sale or contribution of those assets is part of multiple arrangements that should be accounted for as a single transaction in accordance with the requirements in paragraph B97 of NZ IFRS 10.
- ...

Effective date and transition

- ...
- 45C *Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture* (Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28), issued in October 2014, amended paragraphs 28 and 30 and added paragraphs 31A–31B. An entity shall apply those amendments prospectively to the sale or contribution of assets occurring in annual periods beginning on or after ~~1 January 2016~~ ~~1 January 2020~~¹ ~~1 January 2025~~ 1 January 2028. Earlier application is permitted. If an entity applies those amendments earlier, it shall disclose that fact.

¹ Amended by *Effective Date of Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28*.

...

NZ 45K.1 *2019 Omnibus Amendments to NZ IFRS*, issued in September 2019, amended paragraph 45C. An entity shall apply that amendment for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020. Earlier application is permitted.

NZ 45K.2 *Mandatory Date of Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28 (2024)*, issued in May 2024, amended paragraph 45C. An entity shall apply that amendment for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025. The amending Standard takes effect on the 28th day after the date of its publication under the *Legislation Act 2019*. The amending Standard was published on 23 May 2024 and takes effect on 20 June 2024.

HISTORY OF AMENDMENTS

Table of Pronouncements – *Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture* (Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28)

This table lists the pronouncements establishing and substantially amending *Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture* (Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28). The table is based on amendments approved as at 30 June 2024.

Pronouncements	Date approved	Early operative date	Mandatory date (annual reporting periods... on or after ...)
<i>Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture</i> (Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28)	Oct 2014	Early application permitted	1 Jan 2016
<i>Effective Date of Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28</i>	Feb 2016	Early application permitted	1 Jan 2020
<i>2019 Omnibus Amendments to NZ IFRS</i>	Sept 2019	Early application permitted	1 Jan 2020
<i>Mandatory Date of Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28 (2024)</i>	May 2024	Early application permitted	1 Jan 2025

Table of Amended Paragraphs in *Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture* (Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28)

Paragraph affected	How affected	By ... [date]
NZ IFRS 10 Paragraph C1C	Amended	<i>Effective Date of Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28</i> [Feb 2016]
NZ IFRS 10 Paragraph C1C	Amended	<i>2019 Omnibus Amendments to NZ IFRS</i> [Sept 2019]
NZ IFRS 10 Paragraph C1C	Amended	<i>Mandatory Date of Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28 (2024)</i> [May 2024]
NZ IFRS 10 Paragraph NZ C1D.3	Added	<i>Mandatory Date of Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28 (2024)</i> [May 2024]
NZASB Basis for Conclusions	Added	<i>Effective Date of Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28</i> [Feb 2016]
NZASB Basis for Conclusions BC5	Added	<i>Mandatory Date of Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28 (2024)</i> [May 2024]
NZ IAS 28 Paragraph 45C	Amended	<i>Effective Date of Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28</i> [Feb 2016]
NZ IAS 28 Paragraph 45C	Amended	<i>2019 Omnibus Amendments to NZ IFRS</i> [Sept 2019]
NZ IAS 28 Paragraph 45C	Amended	<i>Mandatory Date of Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28 (2024)</i> [May 2024]
NZ IAS 28 Paragraph 45K.2	Added	<i>Mandatory Date of Amendments to NZ IFRS 10 and NZ IAS 28 (2024)</i> [May 2024]

Part C

Effective date

This Standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. Earlier application is permitted.